AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

- 1. (currently amended): Bacterial A bacterial composition for the degradation of organic fats, characterised in that it comprises principally the bacterial [[strain]] strains Klebsiella oxytoca, Serratia odorifera, and Aeromonas hydrophyla.
 - 2. (cancelled).
- 3. (currently amended): Composition The composition according to claim [[2]]1, characterised in that it is composed of: wherein

the bacterial composition comprises 60% to 90%, preferably about 80% by weight of bacteria of the strain Klebsiella oxytoca,

5% to 20%, preferably about 10% by weight of the bacteria of the strain Serratia odorifera, and

5% to 20%, preferably about 10% by weight of the bacteria of the strain Aeromonas hydrophyla, the total of the three strains being equal to 100%.

4. (currently amended): Use of a bacterial composition according to claim 1 for A method for the treatment or pretreatment of effluent rich in organic fats, particularly effluent

from the food or agro-food industry comprising adding the bacterial composition according to claim 1 to said effluent.

- 5. (currently amended): Process A process for the pretreatment of effluent rich in organic fats, particularly effluent from the food or agro-food industry, characterised in that it consists of comprising directly pre-treating directly said effluent containing said fats as [[it]] said effluent leaves the place of its production and in that it consists of accomplishing comprises the following stages:
- supplying a homogenisation and/or processing vessel (1) with effluent to be pre-treated, as [[it]] said effluent is produced and activating a recirculation circuit (2) between the vessel and a biological reactor (3) so as to obtain in said biological reactor (3) a dilution rate of the fats inversely proportional to the fat concentration initially present in the effluent to be pre-treated and situated between $0.400~\rm h^{-1}$ and $1.500~\rm h^{-1}$ for a fat concentration contained in said effluent to be pre-treated entering the homogenisation and/or processing vessel (1) of 1 g/1,
- degrading said fats in said biological reactor (3) using a bacterial composition according to claim 1, and
- discharging the pre-treated effluent, now containing practically no fats, to a final treatment unit such as a purification plant.

- 6. (currently amended): Process The process according to claim 5, characterised in that wherein the dilution rate obtained in the biological reactor (3) is inversely proportional to the fat concentration initially present in the effluent to be pre-treated and preferably situated between 0.528 h⁻¹ and 1.056 h⁻¹ for a fat concentration contained in said effluent to be pre-treated entering the homogenisation and/or processing vessel (1) of 1 g/l.
- 7. (currently amended): Process The process according to claim 5, characterised in that wherein the fat concentration of the effluent to be pre-treated entering the homogenisation and/or processing vessel (1) is less than 40 g/l, and preferably situated between 0.5 g/l and 10 g/l.
- 8. (currently amended): Process The process according to claim 5, characterised in that wherein the arrival in the homogenisation and/or processing vessel (1) of the recirculation water discharged by the recirculation circuit (2) is effected from above by a spraying device (4).
- 9. (currently amended): Process The process according to claim 5, characterised in that wherein the pre-treated effluent is discharged using a decanter (5) on the upper part of which a floating pump (6) is provided for the elimination of surface floating sludge that cannot be decanted.
- 10. (currently amended): Process The process according to claim 9, characterised in that wherein the surface floating

Docket No. 0514-1003-1 Appln. No. 10/088,596

sludge that cannot be decanted is reinjected into, or upstream of the homogenisation and/or processing vessel (1).

11. (cancelled).